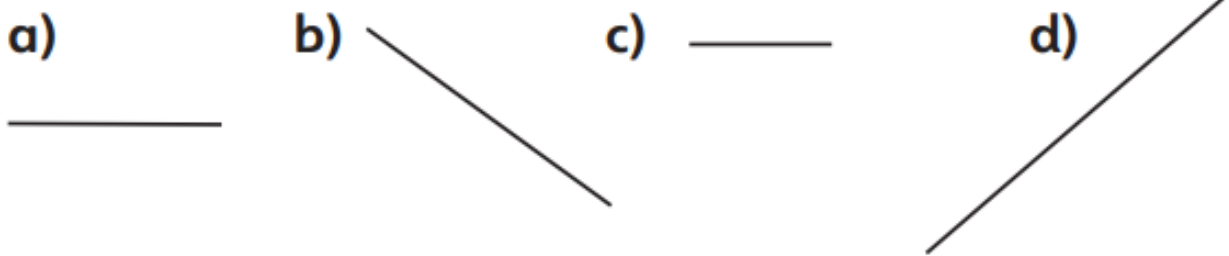


Ordering lengths

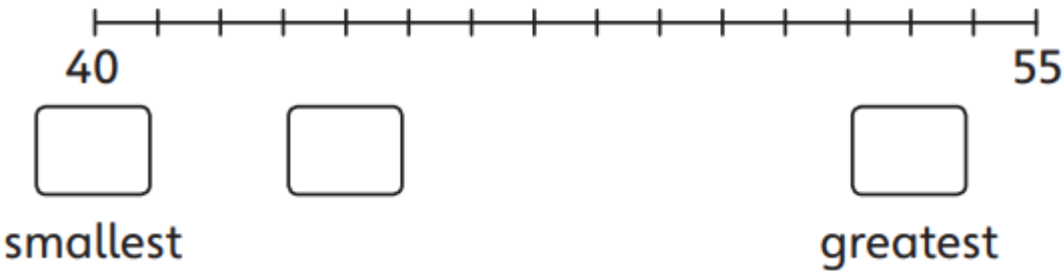
1. Measure each line. Put them in order from shortest to longest.



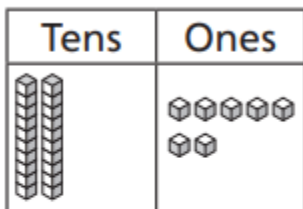
The order is _____

2. Order the numbers from smallest to greatest.

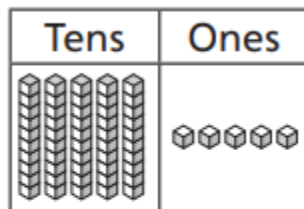
a) 53 cm, 40 cm, 44 cm

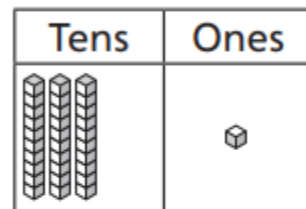


b) 27 m, 55 m, 31 m



smallest





greatest

3. Find the number which is the wrong position and change it to a number that would make the order correct.

a)
80 m
smallest

70 m
→

90 m
greatest

b)
15 m
smallest

26 m
→

4 m
greatest

4. Choose a number for each box.

a) 35 m
greatest

12 m
→

smallest

b)
greatest

49 cm
→

41 cm
smallest

c) 20 m
greatest

18 m
→

smallest

5. Use $<$ or $>$ to order the distances

12m 17m

30cm 7m

15cm 10cm

60m 60cm

13cm 10m

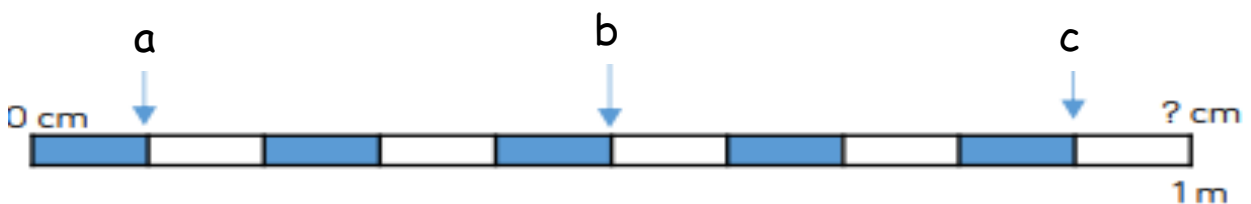
6. Four children are measuring their heights.

Eva is taller than Rosie, but not as tall as Mo.

Dexter is taller than Mo.

Write down their names in order of their heights,
starting with the shortest.

7. If $a = 10\text{cm}$, how many cm will b and c be?



$b =$

$c =$

1 metre = cm